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# Más allá de la visión humana para la detección del cáncer

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01

## **Human Vision**

How humans detect objects through sight and brain

02

## **Hyperspectral Imaging**

How machines detect objects through cameras and AI

03

## **Applications in cancer detection**

Use of HSI in cancer detection

04

## **Results and conclusions**

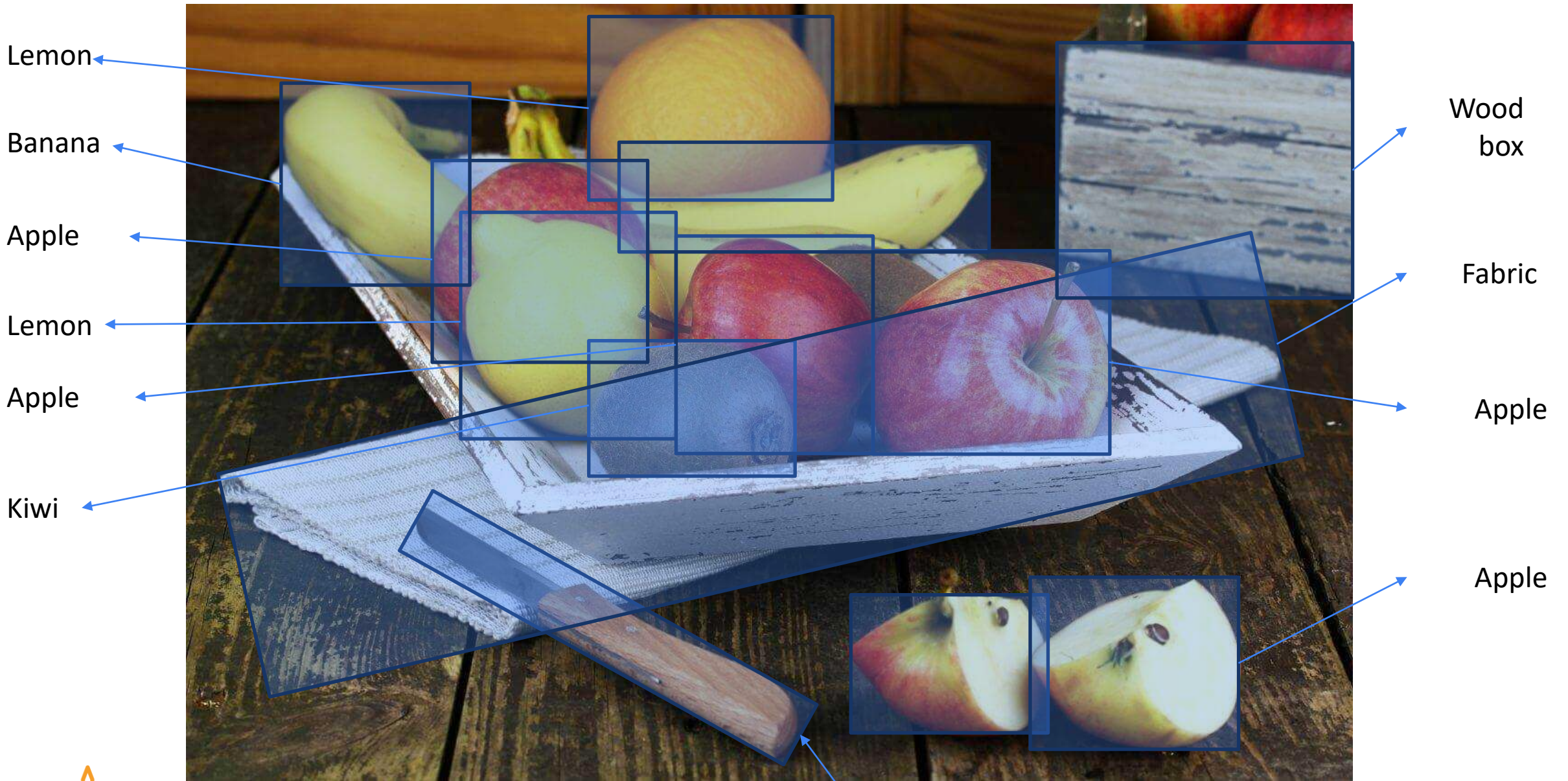
What has been obtained and with what quality



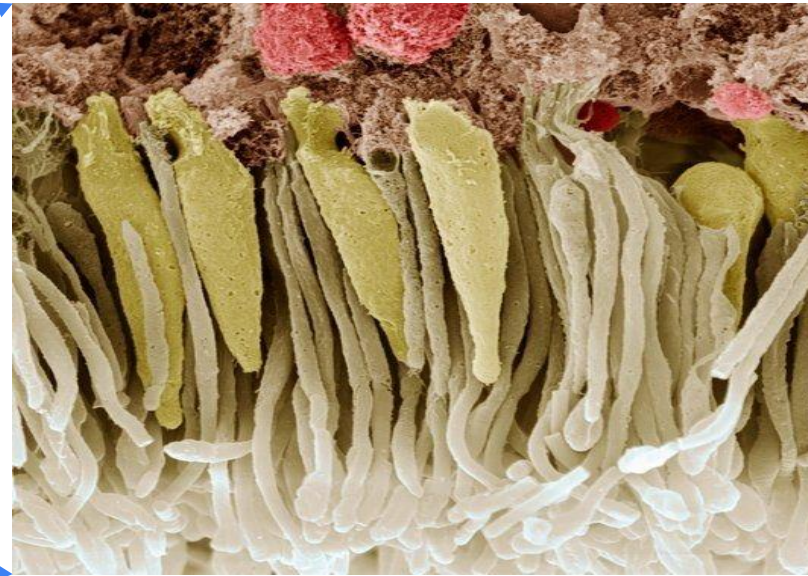
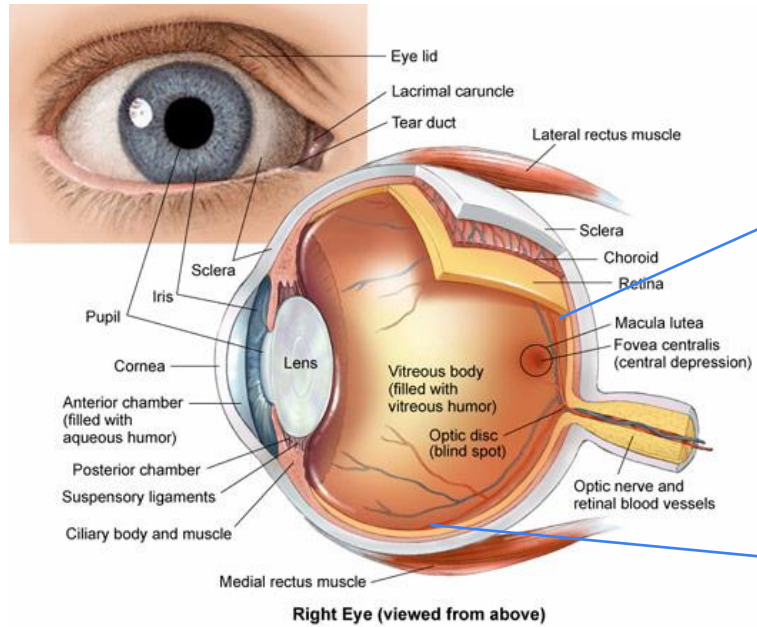




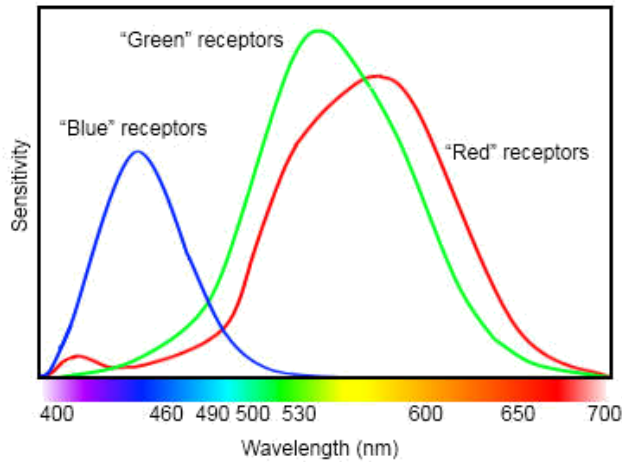
# Human Being Classification







Human color receptor relative sensitivity



**Colour**

**Wavelength**

Violet

380–450 nm

Blue

450–495 nm

Green

495–570 nm

Yellow

570–590 nm

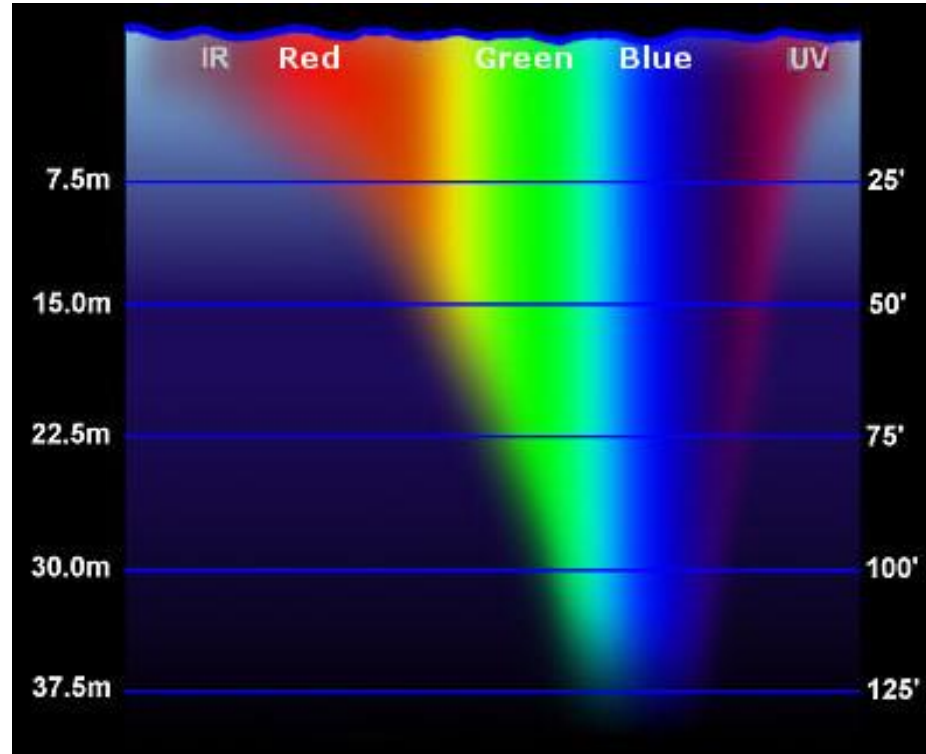
Orange

590–620 nm

Red

620–750 nm

- **Marine mammals** such as dolphins, whales, seals, etc. are **monochromatic**, as below certain depth, frequencies corresponding to colours are attenuated.



- Bulls, dogs and **almost all mammals** have **two different types of cones**. Practically all mammals can detect the color, but not exactly like a human being, as we have three types of cones and they only two: they are **dichromatic**.



*Monochromatic Rainbow*



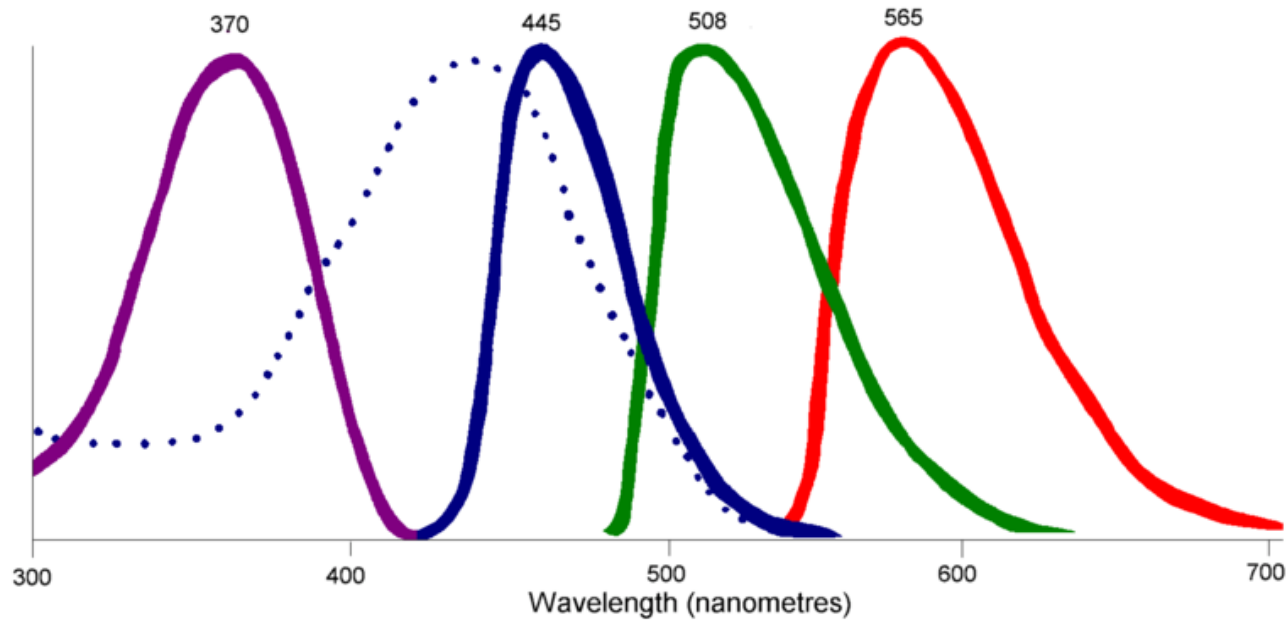
*Trichromatic Rainbow*



*Dichromatic Rainbow*



- **Tetrachromatic**, vision of birds with sensibilities to ultraviolet, red, green and blue.



<http://stochasticscientist.blogspot.com.cy/2013/07/birds-see-what-we-dont.html>

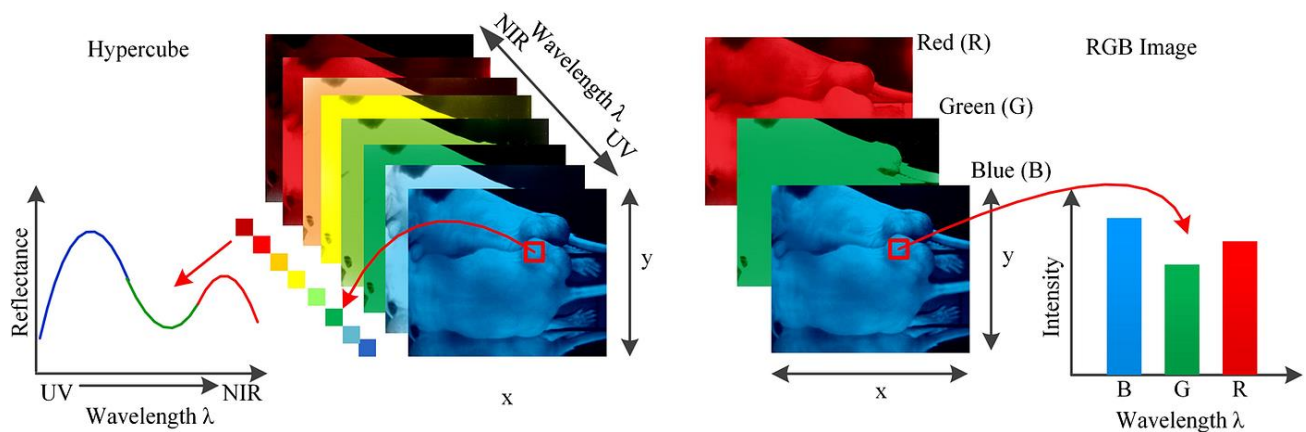
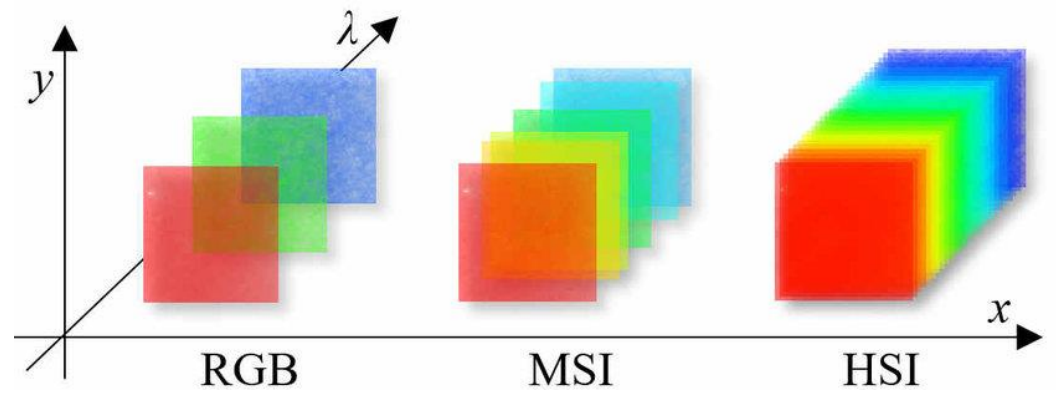
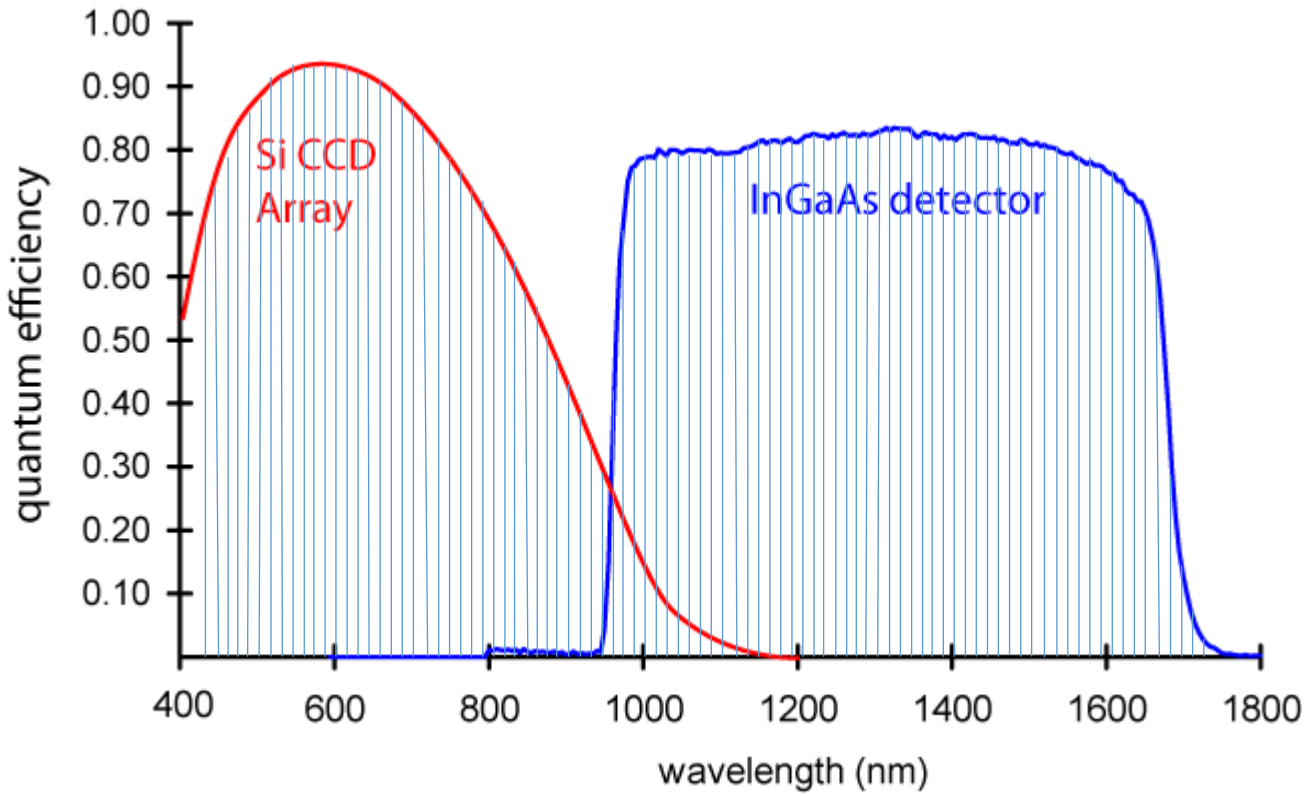


The pigeons are **pentachromatic** (dotted line).



- One of the fern plants is **fake**, but the use of wavelengths in the visible range (400 nm – 850 nm) makes it difficult to identify.



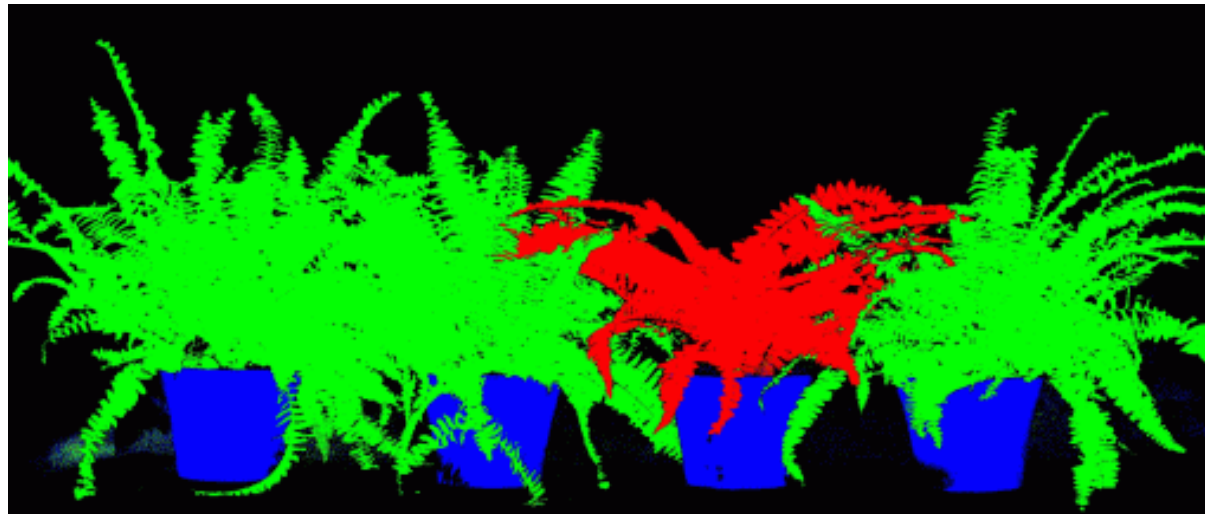




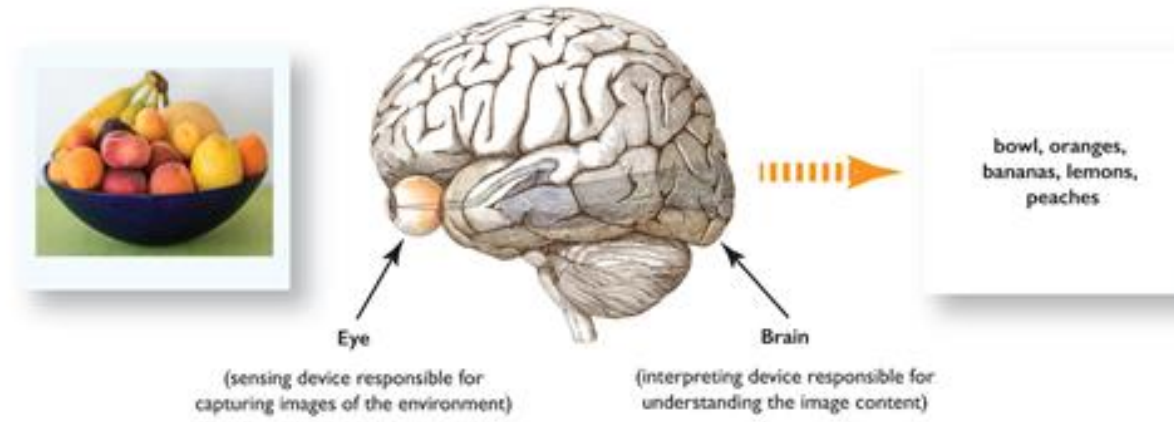
- Using only RGB information (human being classification):



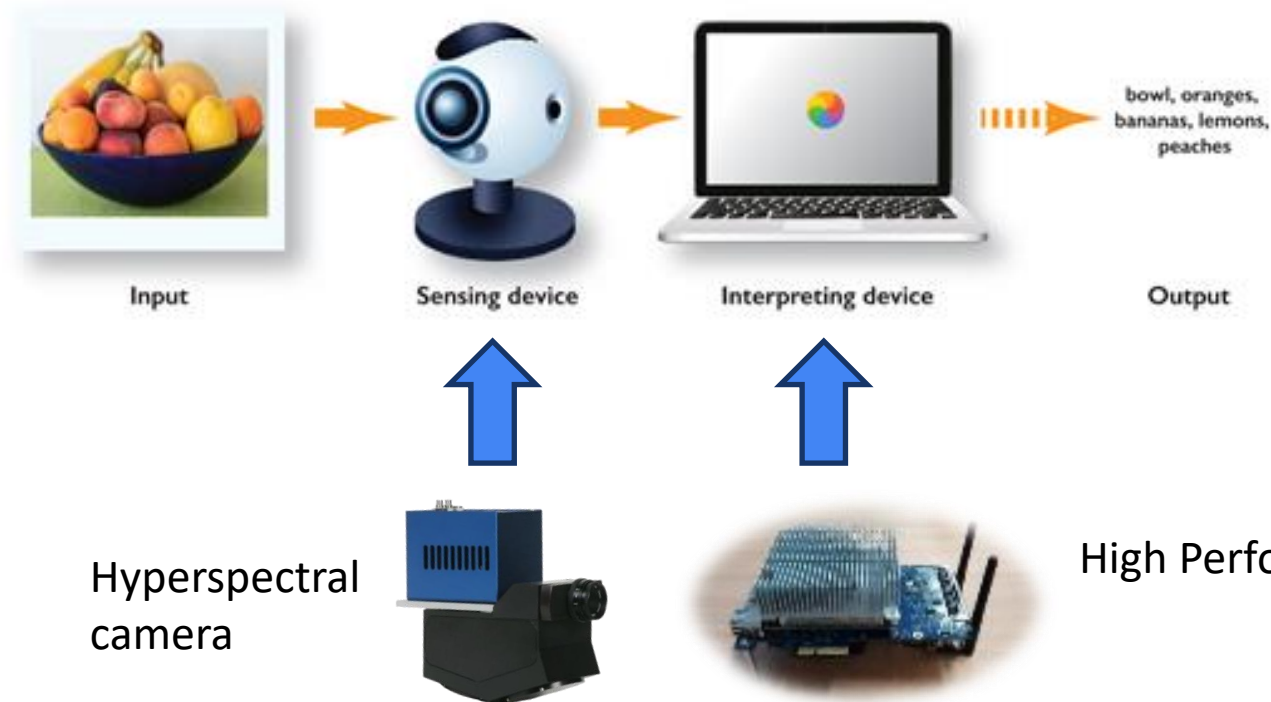
- Using hyperspectral information for classification (machine classification):



### Human Vision System



### Computer Vision System



■ Assist the surgeon in the identification of brain tumours in real-time





## ■ Hyperspectral cameras (Pushbroom)

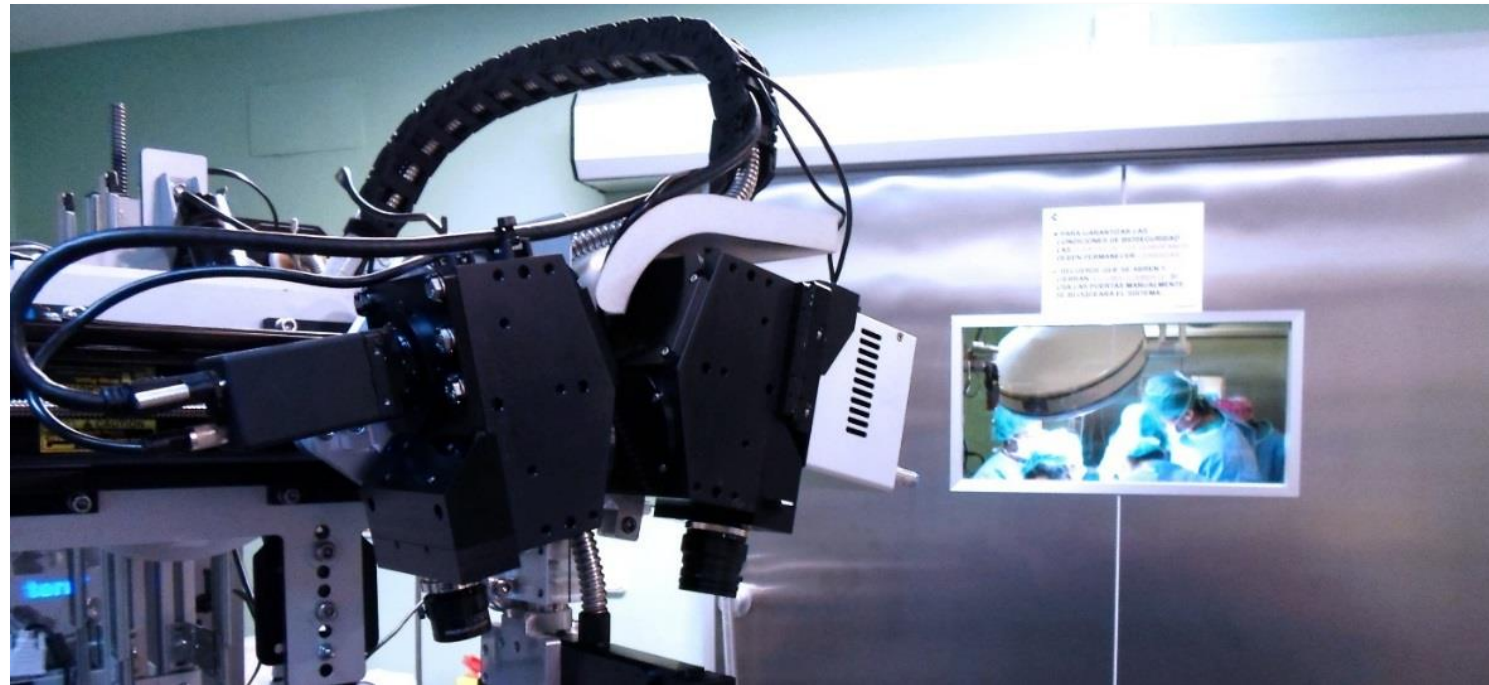
### ○ Hyperspec® VNIR A-Series

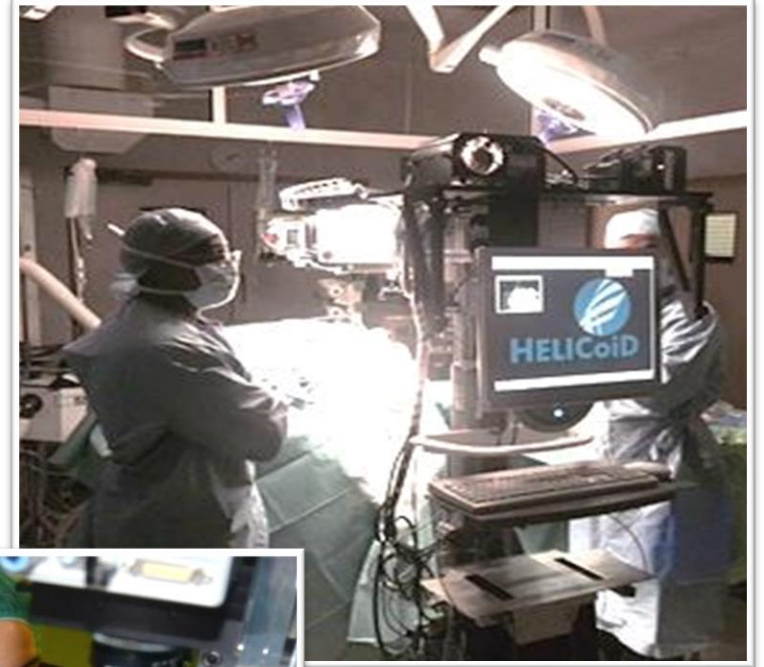
- 400 – 1000 nm (VNIR)
- 826 spectral bands
- 1004 spatial pixels



### • Hyperspec® NIR 100/U

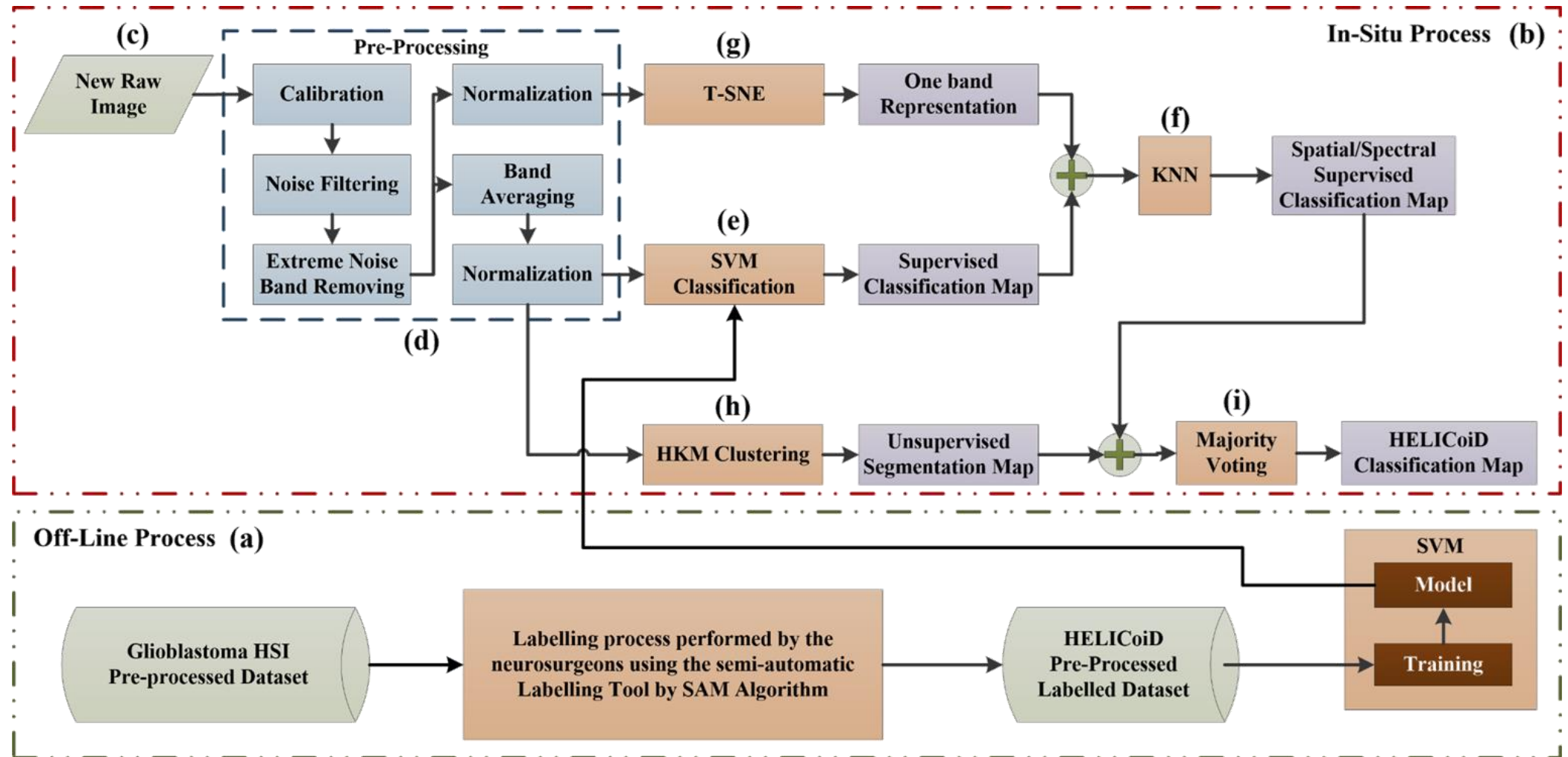
- 900 – 1700 nm (NIR)
- 172 spectral bands
- 320 spatial pixels





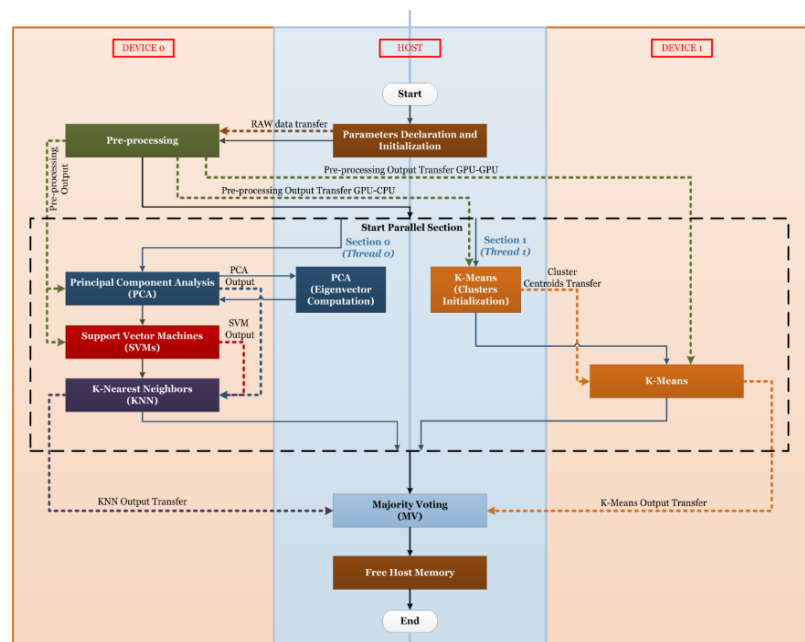
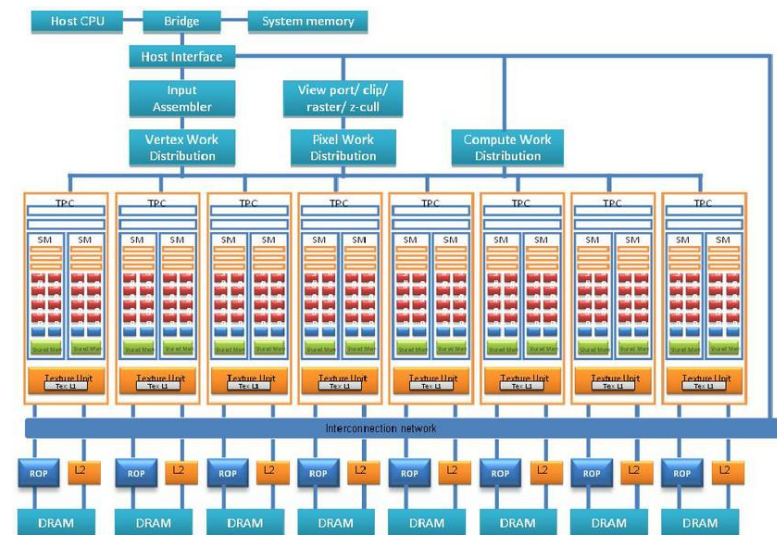


# Brain cancer detection algorithm





# Full System Parallelism



- Intel i7: **~480 s** (~8 min)
- Intel i7+MPPA:  
Speedup: **~10x**  
Processing time: **~47 s**
- Intel i7+Single-GPU:  
Speedup: **~34x**  
Processing time : **~14 s**
- Intel i7+Multi-GPU:  
Speedup: **~45x**  
Processing time : **~10 s**

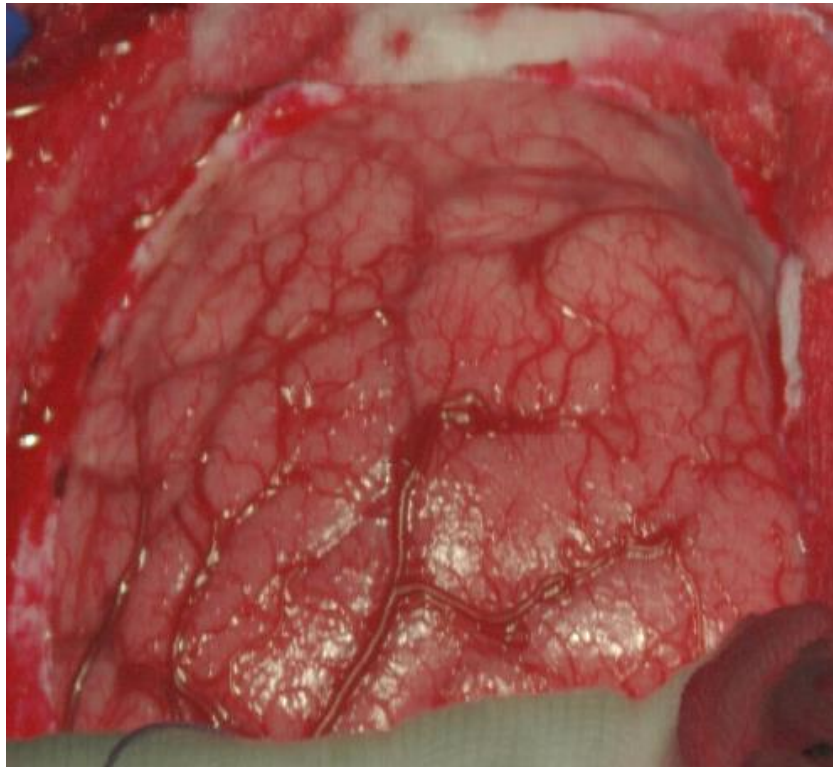


# Op35C1

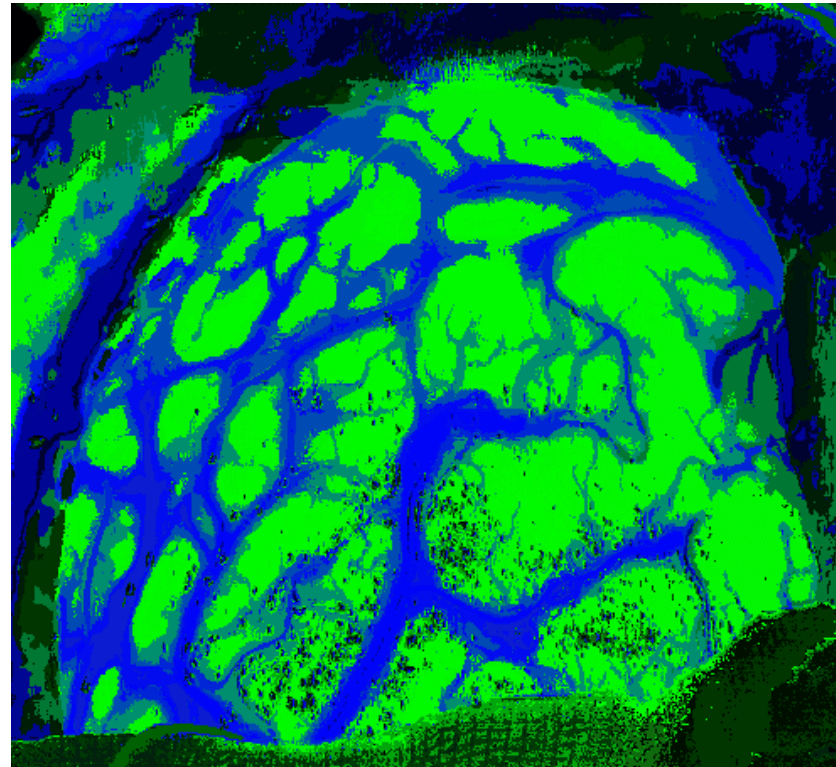
Normal Brain

Operation ID	Number of Pixels	Size (MB)	Processing time (s)
Op35C1	224,770	362.62	68.76

sRGB



HELICoiD TMD Map

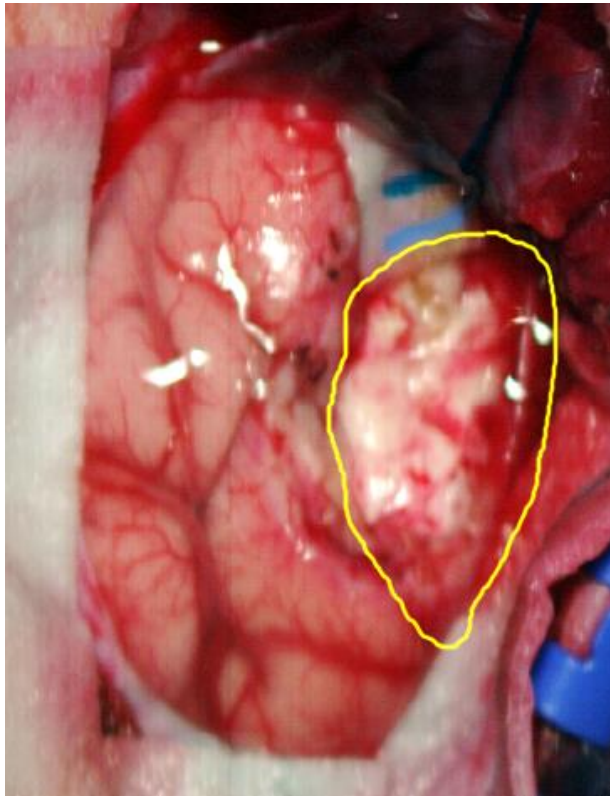


# Op36C2

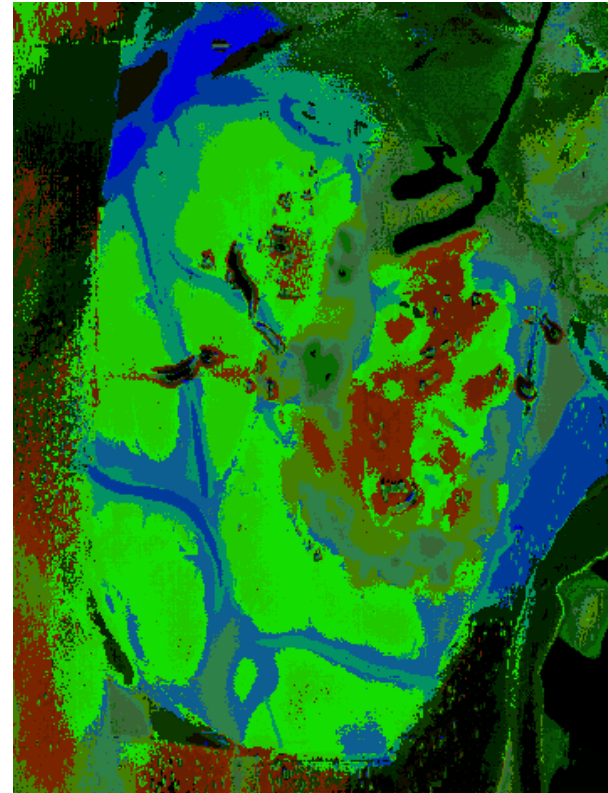
Glioblastoma (GIV)

Operation ID	Number of Pixels	Size (MB)	Processing time (s)
Op36C2	171,699	276.99	52.61

sRGB



HELICoiD TMD Map



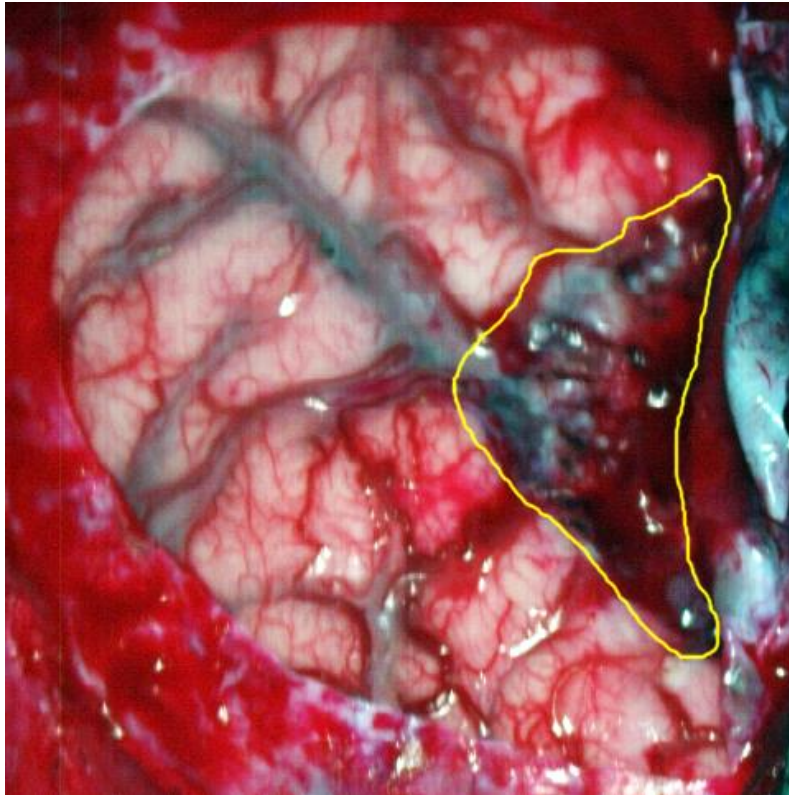


# Op38C1

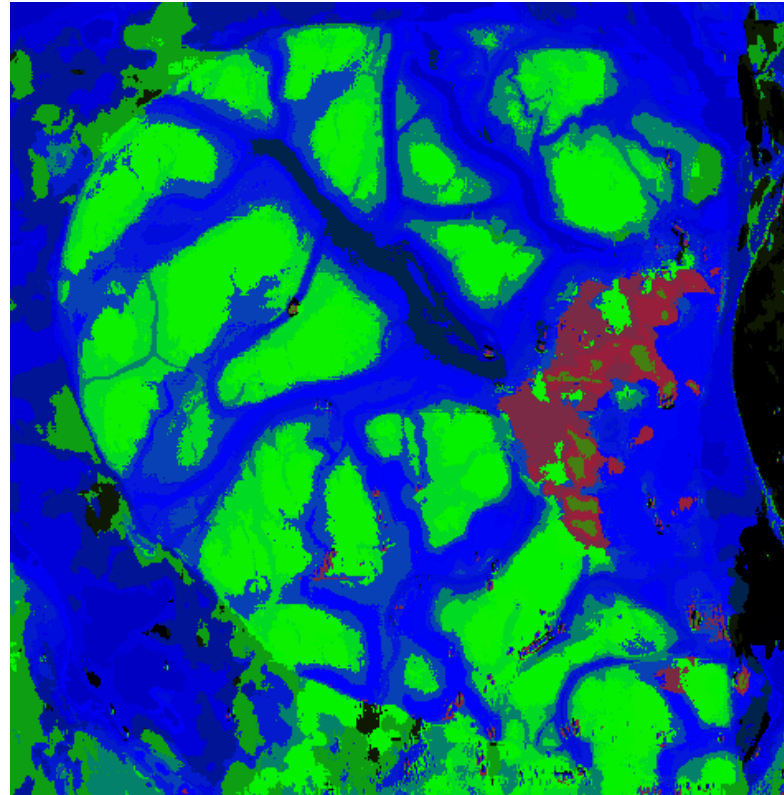
Meningioma (GI)

Operation ID	Number of Pixels	Size (MB)	Processing time (s)
Op38C1	230,878	372.47	67.79

sRGB



HELICoID TMD Map



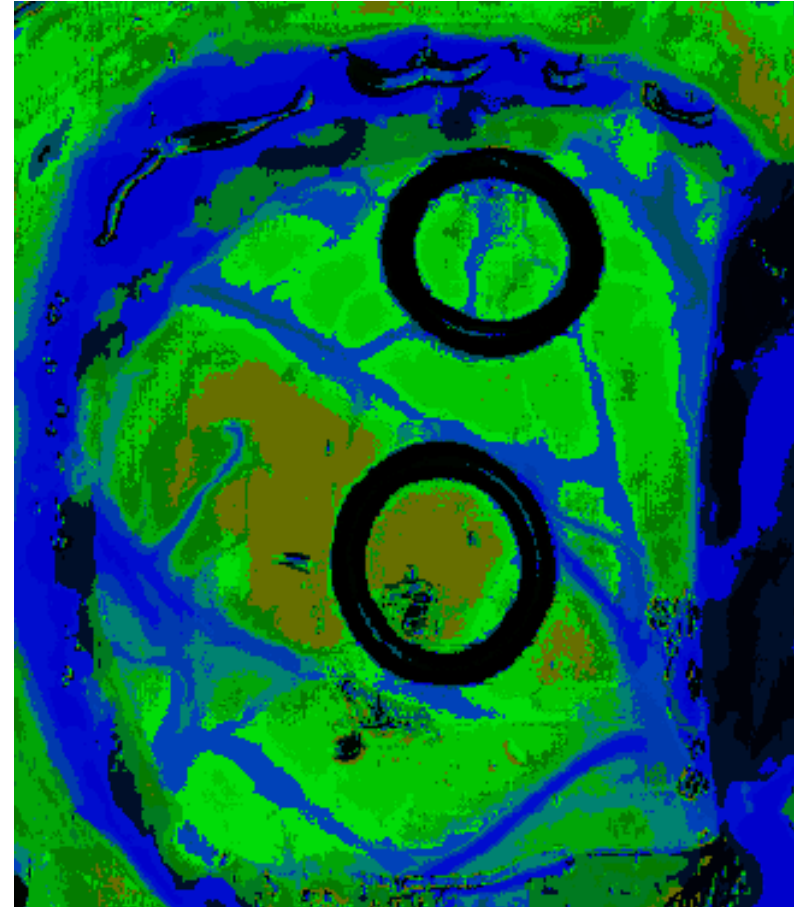
# Op20C1

Glioblastoma (GIV)

sRGB



HELICoID TMD Map





# HSI system patented



(10) EP 3 545 491 B1

(11)

(12) EUROPEAN PATENT SPECIFICATION

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(51) Int. Cl.: G06K 9/62 (20060101); G06T 7/00 (20170101); G06K 9/46 (20060101)

(21) Application number: 16798771.8

(52) International application number: PCT/JP2016/057477

(22) Date of filing: 22.11.2016

(53) International publication number: WO 2018/095516 (21.05.2018 Gazette 2018/22)

(54) METHOD OF NON-INVASIVE DETECTION OF TUMOUR AND/OR HEALTHY TISSUE AND HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGING APPARATUS  
 VERFAHREN ZUR NICHTINVASIVEN DETEKTION VON TUMOR- UND/ODER GESUNDEM GEWEBE UND HYPERSPEKTRALE BILDBEGUNGSVORRICHTUNG  
 PROCÉDÉ DE DÉTECTION NON INVASIVE DE TISSU TUMORAL ET/OU SAIN ET APPAREIL D'IMAGERIE HYPERSPECTRALE

(84) Designated Contracting States: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR

(56) References cited: PINE ROBERT ET AL.: "A minimum spanning forest based hyperspectral image classification method for cancerous tissue detection", PROGRESS IN BIOMEDICAL OPTICS AND IMAGING, SPIE-INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY FOR OPTICAL ENGINEERING, BELLINGHAM, WA, US, vol. 9034, 21 March 2014 (2014-03-21), pages 90341W-90341W, XP090031740, ISSN: 1605-7422, DOI: 10.1117/12.2463481 ISBN: 978-1-5196-0027-9; HIMAR FÁBEO ET AL.: "A Novel Use of Hyperspectral Images for Human Brain Cancer Detection using in-Vivo Samples", JOINT CONFERENCE ON BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING SYSTEMS AND TECHNOLOGIES, 1 January 2016 (2016-01-01), pages 311-320, XP055384151, DOI: 10.5220/00548989310320 ISBN: 978-989-791-074-0; YULIYA TARABALKA ET AL.: "Multiple Spectral-Spatial Classification Approach for Hyperspectral Data", IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON GEOSCIENCE AND REMOTE SENSING, IEEE SERVICE CENTER, PISCATAWAY, NJ, US, vol. 48, no. 11, 1 November 2010 (2010-11-01), pages 4122-4132, XP011318509, ISSN: 0196-2882

(43) Date of publication of application: 02.10.2019 Bulletin 2019/40

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